Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 10 January 2021 Version



: 2.03

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

: JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer

Product code

: 17000DUT024

Other means of identification

0305856; 00305857; 00305858; 00305859; 00305860; 00305861

| 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | |
|---|---|--|
| Product use | : Consumer applications, Professional applications. | |
| Use of the substance/ | : Coating. | |

Use of the substance/ mixture

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PG Architectural Coatings UK Ltd, Huddersfield Road, Birstall, West Yorkshire WF17 9XA, Tel: +44 (0) 1924 354000 PPG Europe BV, Oceanenweg 2, 1047 BB Amsterdam, Netherlands. Tel: +31 (0) 204 075 050

e-mail address of person : ps.acemea-north@ppg.com responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number <u>Supplier</u>

+44 (0) 1924 354000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

 Product definition
 : Mixture

 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

 Flam. Liq. 3, H226

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements WarningFlammable liquid and vapour.

English (GB)

United Kingdom (UK)

| | Code | : 17000DUT024 | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10 January 2021 |
|-----------------------------------|------|---------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer | | | | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

| General | : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
|---|---|
| Prevention | : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| Response | : Not applicable. |
| Storage | : Not applicable. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| | P102, P101, P210, P501 |
| Hazardous ingredients | : Not applicable. |
| Supplemental label elements | : Not applicable. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : Not applicable. |
| Special packaging requirem | ients |
| Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings | : Not applicable. |
| Tactile warning of danger | : Not applicable. |
| 2.3 Other hazards | |
| Product meets the criteria | • This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a |

| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. |
|---|---|
| Other hazards which do not result in classification | : Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| 3.2 Mixtures : | Mixture | | | |
|--|---|-------------|--|---------|
| | | | Classification | |
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % by weight | Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] | Туре |
| ₩ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 CAS: 64742-48-9 | ≥10 - <20 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | [1] |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9 CAS: 64742-48-9 (EC 918-481-9) | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | [1] |
| Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119457736-27 EC: 927-632-8 CAS: 64742-47-8 | ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 | [1] |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | REACH #: 01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9 | ≤0.30 | Repr. 2, H361d (oral) | [1] [2] |
| English (GB) | United Kingd | om (UK) | | 2/1 |

| Conforms to Regulation (EC) No | . 1907/2006 (REACH), | Annex II, as amended by | y Regulation | (EU) No. | 2015/830 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|
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| Code : 17000DUT024 JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10 January 2021 |
|---|--------------------------------|---|
| SECTION 3: Composition/inform | nation on ingredients | |
| | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

above.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

| Eye contact | Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. |
|----------------------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. |
| Ingestion | : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| English (GB) | United Kingdom (UK) | 3/ |
|---------------------------------|---|----|
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. | |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | |
| 4.3 Indication of any immediate | e medical attention and special treatment needed | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking | |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. | |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. | |
| Over-exposure signs/sympto | <u>ns</u> | |
| Ingestion | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Skin contact | Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. | |
| Inhalation | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Eye contact | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Potential acute health effects | | |

| Code | : 17000DUT024 | Date of issue/Date of revision |
|-----------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| JOHNSTONE | ES TRADE Universal Primer | |

: 10 January 2021

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| 5.1 Extinguishing media | | |
|---|-----|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : | Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Do not use water jet. |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising f | rom | the substance or mixture |
| Hazards from the substance or mixture | : | Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| Hazardous combustion products | : | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | | |
| Special precautions for fire-fighters | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

contractor.

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro | ote | ctive equipment and emergency procedures |
|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| 6.3 Methods and material for | со | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an |

appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

| Code | : 17000DUT024 | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10 January 2021 |
|-----------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| JOHNSTONE | ES TRADE Universal Primer | | |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| | Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store between the following temperatures: 5 to 25°C (41 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

Code

: 17000DUT024 JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer Date of issue/Date of revision

: 10 January 2021

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. | | |
| procedures atmosphere or of the ventilatio protective equip the following: E the assessmen limit values and | contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness n or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory oment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with a measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment | | |

atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|--|------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 208 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 871 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 185 mg/m³ | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 125 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | DNEL | Long term Oral | 2.5 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 2.5 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.25 mg/kg bw/ day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 6.49 mg/kg bw/ day | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

PNECs - Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

| Deade : 17000DUT024 DHNSTONES TRADE Univer | Date of issue/Date of revision: 10 January 2021rsal Primer |
|---|---|
| ECTION 8: Exposur | e controls/personal protection |
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
| Individual protection measu | <u>ires</u> |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection Skin protection | : Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166. |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and take into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. |
| Gloves | : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves: |
| | Recommended: nitrile rubber |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Mask type: full-face mask half-face mask Filter type: organic vapour filter (Type A) particulate filter P3 Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Code : 17000DUT024

JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 10 January 2021

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| 9.1 Information on basic physica | 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| <u>Appearance</u> | | | | | |
| Physical state | 4 | Liquid. | | | |
| Colour | 4 | Various | | | |
| Odour | 4 | Hydrocarbon. [Slight] | | | |
| Odour threshold | 4 | Not available. | | | |
| рН | 4 | insoluble in water. | | | |
| Melting point/freezing point | : | May start to solidify at the following temperature: -15°C (5°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics. Weighted average: -58.45°C (-73.2°F) | | | |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : | 145°C | | | |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: 39°C | | | |
| Evaporation rate | : | Highest known value: 0.04 (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics)Weighted average: 0.03compared with butyl acetate | | | |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | 4 | liquid | | | |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | : | Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics) | | | |
| Vapour pressure | : | Highest known value: 0.1 to 0.3 kPa (0.8 to 2.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy). Weighted average: 0.16 kPa (1.2 mm Hg) (at 20°C) | | | |
| Vapour density | : | Highest known value: 4.5 (Air = 1) (Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics). | | | |
| Relative density | 1 | 1.34 | | | |
| Solubility(ies) | 1 | Insoluble in the following materials: cold water. | | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : | Not applicable. | | | |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : | Lowest known value: >230°C (>446°F) (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics). | | | |
| Decomposition temperature | 4 | Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). | | | |
| Viscosity | : | Kinematic (room temperature): >4 cm²/s Kinematic (40°C): >0.21 cm²/s | | | |
| Viscosity | 4 | > 100 s (ISO 6mm) | | | |
| Explosive properties | : | The product itself is not explosive, but the formation of an explosible mixture of vapour or dust with air is possible. | | | |
| Oxidising properties | : | Product does not present an oxidizing hazard. | | | |

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

| SECTION 10: Stabil | ity and reactivity |
|---|--|
| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |

| English | (GB) |
|----------|-------|
| J | · · / |

| Code | : 17000DUT024 | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10 January 2021 |
|----------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : | When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. |
|--|---|---|
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : | Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : | Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides metal oxide/oxides |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|-------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | LD50 Dermal | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value | |
|----------------|-----------|--|
| Not available. | | |

| Irritation/Corrosion | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Conclusion/Summary | |
| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Eyes | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Sensitisation | |
| Conclusion/Summary | |
| Skin | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Respiratory | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Mutagenicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Carcinogenicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Reproductive toxicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Teratogenicity | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : There are no data available on the mixture itself. |
| Specific target organ toxi | <u>city (single exposure)</u> |
| | |

| Code | : 17000DUT024 | Date of issue/Date of revision |
|------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| 0000 | | |

: 10 January 2021

JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

| Potential | acute | health | effects |
|-----------|-------|--------|---------|
| | | | |

| English (GB) | United Kingdom (UK) | 10/11 |
|--------------------------------|--|-------|
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| General | : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking a or dermatitis. | and/ |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. | ., |
| Not available. | | |
| Potential chronic health effe | <u>PCTS</u> | |
| Potential delayed effects | | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | |
| Long term exposure | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. | |
| Short term exposure | | |
| | cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure | |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. | |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking | |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. | |
| Inhalation | : No specific data. | |
| Symptoms related to the ph | ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Skin contact | : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. | |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. | |

English (GB)

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830

Code

: 17000DUT024

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 10 January 2021

JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Other information

: Not available.

Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/ aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|----------------------|---------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | LC50 >1000 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt | Acute LC50 >100 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | Dose | Inoculum |
|--|------|--------------------------|------|----------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics | - | 80 % - Readily - 28 days | - | - |

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | - | - | Readily Readily |
| cyclics, < 2% aromatics | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------|-------------------|-------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Hydrocarbons, C14-C18, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics | - | 10 to 2500 159 | high Iow |

12.4 Mobility in soil

| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
|--|------------------|
| Mobility | : Not available. |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

| Code : 17000DUT024 | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10 January 2021 |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|

JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

| Product | |
|---------------------|--|
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| Hazardous waste | : Yes. |

European waste catalogue (EWC)

| Waste code | Waste designation |
|------------|---|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Container | 15 01 04 metallic packaging | |
| Special precautions | : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. | |

14. Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 14.1 UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | | 111 | | III |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | Yes. | No. | No. |
| Marine pollutant substances | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |

Additional information

ADR/RID

: This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

| Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 17000DUT024 TRADE Universal Primer | Date of issue/Date of revision | : 10 January 2021 |
| 14. Trans | port information | | |
| Tunnel code | : (D/E) | | |
| ADN | | ted as an environmentally hazardous sub 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation | |

according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.
 IMDG : This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.
 IATA : None identified.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

| 14.7 Transport in bulk : Not a according to IMO instruments |
|---|
|---|

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

| EU Regulation | (EC) No | o. 1907/2006 | (REACH) |
|---------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| | | | |

| Annex XIV - List of | ⁻ substances s | subject to | authorisation |
|---------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------------|
| | | | |

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

VOC for Ready-for-Use
 IIA/d. Interior/exterior trim and cladding paints for wood and metal. EU limit values: 300g/l (2010.)
 This product contains a maximum of 300 g/l VOC.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

| Category | |
|----------|--|
| P5c | |

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Code

: 17000DUT024

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 10 January 2021

JOHNSTONES TRADE Universal Primer

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| ✓226 H304 H336 H361d EUH066 | Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
|---|---|
| Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness of cracking. |

| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
|--------------|--|
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Repr. 2 | REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - |
| | Category 3 |

History

| Date of issue/ Date of revision | : 10 January 2021 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| Date of previous issue | : 1 September 2020 |
| Prepared by | : EHS |
| Version | : 2.03 |

Disclaimer

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